# TABLE OF CONTENTS

I. CAMPUS SECURITY AND CRIME REPORT
- Police Enforcement on Campus ................................................................. 1
- Law Enforcement in Vermillion ................................................................. 2
- Blue Light Emergency Phones ..................................................................... 2
- How to Report a Crime or Suspicious Activity ........................................... 2
- Confidential Reporting of a Crime ............................................................... 2
- Crime Prevention .......................................................................................... 3
- USD Building Security and Access ............................................................. 3
- Annual Safety Audit ....................................................................................... 3
- Criminal Activity Off-Campus ................................................................. 3
- Preparation of the Annual Security Report ................................................. 3
- Campus Map .................................................................................................. 4
- Non-Campus Buildings and Property ......................................................... 5
- Crime Statistics ............................................................................................. 6
- About the Numbers ....................................................................................... 6
- Crime Definitions .......................................................................................... 7
- Notice of Availability of Annual Fire Safety & Security Report .................... 8
- Crime Log ....................................................................................................... 8

II. EMERGENCY NOTIFICATIONS AND TIMELY WARNINGS
- Emergency Notification ............................................................................... 9
- Timely Warnings ........................................................................................... 9

III. MISSING STUDENT POLICY
- Missing Student Policy ............................................................................. 10

IV. SEXUAL ASSAULT AND HARASSMENT POLICY AND PROCEDURES
- Sexual Assault and Harassment Policy and Procedures ............................ 11
- Resources to Contact Regarding Sexual Assault ......................................... 12
- Sex Offender Information and Registry ..................................................... 14

V. ALCOHOL AND DRUG POLICY
- Alcohol and Drug Policy ............................................................................ 14
- Federal Trafficking Penalties ....................................................................... 15
- State Criminal and Civil Penalties for Offenses of a Controlled Substance .... 17
- State and Civil Alcohol Penalties ............................................................... 18
- State and Civil Marijuana Penalties ........................................................... 18
- USD Employee Drug and Alcohol Policy ................................................ 19
- USD Parental Notification of Drug and Alcohol Violations ......................... 19

VI. FIRE SAFETY REPORT
- Fire Safety Report ....................................................................................... 19
- Fire Logs ....................................................................................................... 20
- University Police Department Contact Information .................................. 22
University Police Department Welcome Message

Welcome to the University of South Dakota. Thank you for reviewing the USD Annual Fire Safety & Security Report. This report contains campus crime statistics and critical campus safety information such as policies, crime prevention, crime reporting and resources to aid you in becoming more safety-minded. The University of South Dakota strives to be a safe place to learn, live, work and grow.

The University of South Dakota Police Department is responsible for enforcing federal, state and city law as well as university regulations. The University Police Department provides law enforcement services on USD property, including parking lots and roads.

University Police Department officers work to ensure campus safety, every day, all day while working cooperatively with the Vermillion Police Department and other law enforcement agencies. They rely heavily on the university community to report any suspicious activity, crimes being committed, and crimes in progress that occur on the USD Campus. To make these reports, please call the University Police Department at 605-658-6199 or 9-911 for emergencies from an on-campus phone.

I. Campus Security and Crime Report

Police Enforcement on Campus

University Police officers have police authority to apprehend and arrest individuals involved in illegal acts on campus and areas adjacent to the campus. University Police Department officers attend the South Dakota Law Enforcement Training Academy in Pierre, South Dakota. They are sworn in as City of Vermillion Deputy Police Officers, operating under a Joint Law Enforcement Agreement with the Vermillion Police Department.

University Police officers provide 24-hour services and work closely with local, state, and federal police agencies and have direct radio communication with the Vermillion Police Department, Clay County Sheriff’s Office, South Dakota Highway Patrol, fire, ambulance and other emergency agencies.

Any university owned or leased property in outlying areas is patrolled either by the University Police Department, the Vermillion Police Department, the Clay County Sheriff’s Office, or the South Dakota Highway Patrol.

In coordination with local law enforcement agencies, student and student organizations, off-campus criminal activity is monitored and recorded. This information is provided to the vice president and dean of students for any action or follow-up that may be required.

In instances where policy infractions may violate the Student Code of Conduct, the University Police Department will refer the incident directly to the USD Office of Student Rights and Responsibilities for a campus conduct response.
For emergencies on campus where immediate police response is necessary, locate the nearest Blue Light Emergency Phone. Activate the phone by pushing the large red button and inform the dispatcher of your emergency. The University Police Department will immediately respond to the Blue Light Phone location. For more information about Blue Light Phones go to: www.usd.edu/administration/university-police.

Blue Light Emergency Phones

Law Enforcement in Vermillion

More than 40 law enforcement officers are employed in Clay County.

The University Police Department is composed of 13 police officers and three security officers, supported by student ticket-writers and event staff.

UPD Officers, VPD Officers, Clay County Deputies, GFP (Game, Fish and Parks) and the South Dakota Highway Patrol conduct annual training in areas such as: active shooter response, firearms deployment, emergency vehicle operations, tactical combat, domestic violence, and numerous other crime prevention training programs.

Address locations:

University Police Dept.
414 East Clark Street
Davidson Building
Room #101
Vermillion, SD 57069
605-658-6199

Vermillion Police Dept.
15 Washington St.
Vermillion, SD 57069
605-677-7070

Clay County Sheriff
15 Washington St.
Vermillion, SD 57069
605-677-7100

Game, Fish and Parks
15 Washington St.
Vermillion, SD 57069
605-677-6950

SD Highway Patrol
5316 W. 60th St. N.
Sioux Falls, SD 57107
605-367-6100

Whether you are a victim of or witness to a crime, you have the responsibility to promptly and accurately report crime. If a crime occurs on or around the USD campus, report it immediately to the University Police Department. The University Police Department has primary jurisdiction over the campus. Crimes occurring off-campus should be reported to the Vermillion Police Department; the University Police Department personnel can assist you in this process.

Emergency Procedures

Crimes in progress and crimes that have occurred should be reported by dialing 9-911 on the USD campus or 911 when off campus or from a cell phone. Blue Light Emergency Phones located throughout the campus link directly to the University Police Department. When victims or witnesses call to report a crime/incident, the following information is helpful for investigation:

• A brief description of what occurred
• Where and when the incident occurred
• Any injuries sustained during the incident
• Whether or not a weapon was used or visible
• When and where the suspect(s) was last seen
• A physical description of the suspect(s)

Confidential Reporting of a Crime

Victims of or witnesses to a crime may file a silent witness form that includes the details of the incident without revealing their identity. The purpose of a confidential report is to comply with the reporter’s wish to keep the matter confidential, while taking steps to help ensure their safety and the safety of others. To access the silent witness form, visit www.usd.edu/administration/university-police/report-a-crime. With such information, USD can keep accurate records of the number of incidents involving students, determine if a pattern of crime exists with regard to a particular location, method, or assailant, and alert the campus community to potential danger. Reports filed in this manner are counted and disclosed without identifying information in the annual crime statistics for USD.

Non-emergency Procedures

For non-emergency assistance, please call the University Police Department at 605-658-6199. The University Police Department is located in the Davidson Building on the first floor. While individuals are encouraged to report crimes to the police, individuals may seek support and assistance with reporting from other individuals or campus offices. The Clery Act defines Campus Security Authorities (CSAs) as:

• A campus police department or a campus security department of an institution.
• Any individual or organization specified in an institution’s statement of campus security policy as an individual or organization to which students and employees should report criminal offenses.
• An official of an institution who has significant responsibility for student and campus activities, including, but not limited to, student housing, student discipline and campus judicial proceedings.

You are welcome to contact USD CSAs including the Office of the Vice President and Dean of Students, Human Resources, Student Counseling Center and Student Health, among other university staff members prepared to provide such guidance for reporting crimes on or near campus.
Crime Prevention Programs

During fall orientation students are introduced to services offered by the University Police Department. Further, presentations are made addressing topics such as maintaining personal safety and residence hall security. Students and employees are informed immediately of crimes on campus and in close proximity when they are a threat to the university community through the university emergency notification system. Educational programs concerning personal safety, crime prevention, which includes bystander training, and the prevention of sexual assault (both acquaintance and stranger rape) are offered by a variety of groups and individuals on campus each year, including the University Police Department, the Office of the Vice President and Dean of Students and the Title IX Coordinator. Faculty, staff and students also complete an online sexual assault prevention and bystander training.

USD Building Security and Access

The University Police Department monitors safety and security cameras in public areas of buildings, building exteriors, and parking lots across campus. The surveillance of public areas is intended to deter crime and assist in protecting the safety and property of the USD community. During business hours, USD campus, excluding residence halls, will be open to students, parents, employees, contractors, guests, and invitees. Non-business hour access to all USD facilities is by key, or electronic card access, if issued, or by admittance via the University Police Department or USD housing staff. In the case of periods of extended closing, the University Police Department will admit only those with prior written approval to certain facilities. Residence halls are secured by University Housing staff. Over extended breaks, the doors of all halls will be secured around the clock, and card readers will be deactivated for unauthorized individuals. Some campus facilities may have individual hours, which may vary at different times of the year. In these cases, the facilities will be secured according to schedules compiled by the University Police Department.

Annual Safety Audit

Annually, the University Police Department and members of the USD Student Government Association conduct nighttime walk-throughs of the USD campus in order to identify areas in need of security enhancement. Contact Student Government Association for more information at sga@usd.edu.

Criminal Activity Off-Campus

The Office of the Vice President and Dean of Students maintains contact with recognized fraternity and sorority organizations through the efforts of the Director of Sorority and Fraternity Life. The University Police Department does not provide law enforcement service to off-campus residences, including those of recognized student organizations (chapter houses). Criminal activity at recognized fraternity and sorority residences is monitored and recorded by the Vermillion Police Department. The University Police Department maintains a close working relationship with the Vermillion Police Department. If violations of federal, state or local laws surface off campus, the Vermillion Police Department may request the assistance of the University Police Department personnel.

Preparation of the Annual Security Report

This university report complies with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Crime Statistics Act. An electronic version of this report can be located on our website at www.usd.edu/administration/university-police. You may also connect to our site via the University of South Dakota homepage at www.usd.edu.

This report is prepared in cooperation with the University Police Department, the Office of the Vice President and Dean of Students, the Office of Student Rights and Responsibilities, local law enforcement agencies and campus security authorities. A campus security authority is recognized, under federal policy, as an individual responsible for appropriately communicating potential Clery incidents. At USD, individuals with responsibility for campus security who are not directly affiliated with the University Police Department include officials with significant knowledge and/or oversight of student events and activities, and campus life. These include but are not limited to officials in Student Services such as housing, programming and conduct. When acting in a pastoral or professional counselor capacity, the official may not be considered a campus security authority.

Campus crime, arrest and referral statistics include those reported to University Police Department officers, designated campus officials and other local law enforcement agencies. Annual notification is made via email to all enrolled students, faculty and staff. It provides the website address from which to access this report. A paper or electronic copy may be obtained at University Police Department, located in the Davidson Building, or by request at 605-658-6199 and universitypolice@usd.edu.
Non-Campus Buildings and Property

The table of crime statistics on the following page includes all non-contiguous-to-campus, reportable locations' data. These facilities are:

1. University Center, Sioux Falls
   4801 N. Career Avenue
   Sioux Falls, SD 57107

2. Capital University Center, Pierre
   925 E. Sioux Avenue
   Pierre, SD 57501

3. Rapid City Health Science Building, Rapid City
   4300 Cheyenne Blvd., Rapid City, SD 57709

4. University Center, Rapid City (renamed Black Hills State University – Rapid City in 2016)
   4300 Cheyenne Boulevard
   Rapid City, SD 57709

5. The Indian University of North America
   Crazy Horse Memorial
   12151 Avenue of the Chiefs
   Crazy Horse, SD 57730

   24834 S. Playhouse Road
   Custer, SD 57730

7. USD Watertown
   1201 Arrow Avenue
   Watertown, SD 57201

8. Sanford School of Medicine, Sioux Falls
   1400 W. 22nd Street
   Sioux Falls, SD 57105

9. Sanford School of Medicine, Rapid City
   640 Flormann Street
   Rapid City, SD 57701

10. Sanford School of Medicine, Yankton
    409 Summit, Suite 1421
    Yankton, SD 57078

11. Fraternities:
    11. Beta Theta Pi
        429 N. Plum
        Vermillion, SD 57069
    12. Delta Tau Delta
        114 N. Pine
        Vermillion, SD 57069
    13. Lambda Chi Alpha
        327 N. Pine
        Vermillion, SD 57069
    14. Phi Delta Theta
        202 East Clark Street
        Vermillion, SD 57069
    15. Pi Kappa Alpha
        309 N. Pine
        Vermillion, SD 57069
    16. Sigma Alpha Epsilon
        856 Madison
        Vermillion, SD 57069
    17. Tau Kappa Epsilon
        206 N. Plum
        Vermillion, SD 57069

18. Sororities:
    18. Alpha Phi
        707 E. Cedar
        Vermillion, SD 57069
    19. Alpha Xi Delta
        214 E. Plum
        Vermillion, SD 57069
    20. Kappa Alpha Theta
        725 E. Clark
        Vermillion, SD 57069
    21. Pi Beta Phi
        118 N. Plum
        Vermillion, SD 57069

22. W. H. Over Museum
    1110 University Street
    Vermillion, SD 57069

23. Charlie's
    6 W. Main Street
    Vermillion, SD 57069

24. USD Foundation
    1110 N. Dakota Street
    Vermillion, SD 57069

25. USD Foundation
    101 S. Phillips Avenue, Suite 508
    Sioux Falls, SD 57104
About the Numbers: Crime statistics in this table are compiled by USD Police Department and other campus security authorities. Statistics include those gathered from local law enforcement agencies such as the Vermillion Police Department and Clay County Sheriff’s Office.

Crime statistics in this table are compiled by USD Police Department and other campus security authorities. Statistics include those gathered from local law enforcement agencies such as the Vermillion Police Department and Clay County Sheriff’s Office.

### Total Crimes Reported for USD Campus

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### Number of Arrests/Referrals for Selected Offenses

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*An unreported crime is defined as any crime that manifests evidence that a victim was selected because of his/her actual or perceived ethnicity, national origin, or disability.*
Crime Definitions
For more information, visit ucr.fbi.gov.

Under the Clery Act, college employees are mandatory reporters for a broader array of serious crimes, including the following:

CRIMINAL OFFENSES

Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter: The willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another.

Manslaughter by Negligence: The killing of another person through gross negligence.

Sexual Assault (Sex Offenses): Any sexual act directed against another person, without consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent.

A. Rape: The penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus, with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim. This offense includes the rape of both males and females.

B. Fondling: The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental incapacity.

C. Incest: Sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.

D. Statutory Rape: Sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

Robbery: The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

Aggravated Assault: An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm.

Burglary: The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft.

Motor Vehicle Theft: The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle.

Arson: Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc.

VIOLENCE AGAIN WOMEN ACT (VAWA) OFFENSES

Dating violence: Violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim. The existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on the reporting party’s statement and with consideration of the length and the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.

Domestic violence: A felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim; by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common; by a person who is cohabiting with, or has cohabited with, the victim as a spouse or intimate partner; by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred; by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person’s acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred.

Stalking: A course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for the person's safety or the safety of others or to suffer substantial emotional distress.

HATE CRIMES

Hate Crimes include, by geographic location and by category of prejudice, any of the aforementioned offenses, and any other crime involving bodily injury reported to local police agencies or to a campus security authority, that manifests evidence that the victim was intentionally selected because of the perpetrator’s bias against the victim.

Although there are many possible categories of bias, under the Clery Act, only the following eight categories are reported:

Race: A preformed negative attitude toward a group of persons who possess common physical characteristics (e.g. color of skin, eyes, and/or hair; facial features, etc.) genetically transmitted by descent and hereditry which distinguish them as a distinct division of humankind (e.g., Asians, blacks or African American, whites).

Religion: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons who share the same religious beliefs regarding the origin and purpose of the universe and the existence or nonexistence of a supreme being (e.g., Catholics, Jews, Protestants, Atheists).
Crime Definitions (cont.)

HATE CRIMES (CONT.)

Sexual Orientation: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their actual or perceived sexual orientation. Sexual Orientation is the term for a person’s physical, romantic, and/or emotional attraction to members of the same and/or opposite sex, including lesbian, gay, bisexual, and heterosexual (straight) individuals.

Gender: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a person or group of persons based on their actual or perceived gender (e.g. male or female).

Gender Identity: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a person or group of persons based on their actual or perceived gender identity (e.g. bias against transgender or gender non-conforming individuals).

Ethnicity: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of people whose members identify with each other, through a common heritage, often consisting of a common language, common culture (often including a shared religion) and/or ideology that stresses common ancestry.

National Origin: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of people based on their actual or perceived country of birth.

Disability: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their physical or mental impairments, whether such disability is temporary or permanent, congenital or acquired by heredity, accident, injury, advanced age or illness.

For Clery Act purposes, Hate Crimes include any of the following offenses that are motivated by bias: Murder and Non-negligent Manslaughter, Sexual Assault, Robbery, Aggravated Assault, Burglary, Motor Vehicle Theft, Arson, Larceny-Theft, Simple Assault, Intimidation, Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property. Note that Larceny-Theft, Simple Assault, Intimidation, Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property are only included in Clery Act statistics if they are Hate Crimes.

ARRESTS AND REFERRALS FOR DISCIPLINARY ACTION

Weapon Law Violations: The violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, concealment, or use of firearms, cutting instruments, explosives, incendiary devices, or other deadly weapons. This classification encompasses weapons offenses that are regulatory in nature, such as: manufacture, sale, or possession of deadly weapons; carrying deadly weapons, concealed or openly; using, manufacturing, etc. of silencers; furnishing deadly weapons to minors; aliens possessing deadly weapons; and all attempts to commit any of the above.

Drug Abuse Violations: Violations of laws prohibiting the production, distribution and/or use of certain controlled substances and the equipment or devices utilized in their preparation and/or use. The unlawful cultivation, manufacture, distribution, sale, purchase, use, possession, transportation or importation of any of any controlled drug or narcotic substance. Arrests for violations of state and local laws, specifically those relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing, and making of narcotic drugs. The relevant substances include: opium or cocaine and their derivatives (morphine, heroin, codeine); marijuana; synthetic narcotics that can cause true addiction (Demerol, methadone); and dangerous non-narcotic drugs (barbiturates, Benzedrine).

Liquor Law Violations: The violation of state or local laws or ordinances prohibiting; the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession or use of alcoholic beverages, not including driving under the influence and drunkenness.

Notice of Availability of Annual Fire Safety & Security Report

This report includes statistics for the previous three years concerning reported crimes that occurred on-campus; in certain off-campus buildings or property owned or controlled by USD; and on public property within, or immediately adjacent to and accessible from, the campus. The report also includes USD policies on matters such as sexual assault, drugs and alcohol, fire safety and crime prevention.

You can obtain a copy of this report by contacting the University Police Department or by accessing the following website: www.usd.edu/administration/university-police.

Crime Log

For daily log information regarding criminal activity on campus, please visit the University Police Department in the Davidson Building. The Vermillion Police Department’s daily log can be accessed online at www.vermillionpd.org.
II. Emergency Notifications and Timely Warnings

Emergency Notification

The University of South Dakota policies guide emergency response and evacuation procedures, including use of the university’s emergency notification system. The Campus Alert system is an emergency notification tool for the public universities governed by the South Dakota Board of Regents. The system notifies students, staff and faculty of any emergencies that occur on or near campus locations. Emergencies may include, but are not limited to, weather alerts, school closings, fire and criminal activity.

Students are automatically entered into this system through their USD-assigned email address.

- An email is sent to a USD email account with information about how to register for the alert system.
- During registration, users may opt to register personal telephone numbers, personal email addresses or other personal electronic devices to receive these Campus Alerts.
- Assign priorities to each of the above; the priority one device will be notified first, followed by the second, and so on.
- Once the alert is acknowledged, additional devices will not be notified.

Timely Warnings

In the event that a situation arises, either on or off campus, that constitutes a threat to members of the campus community, a “timely warning” will be issued. The warning will be issued through the USD Campus Alert system, which includes notification through email, text message and telephone. Students and employees are encouraged to register contact preferences through the USD Campus Alert system by visiting www.usd.edu/emergency. Notice may also be sent through alternate or additional methods of communication and will be posted on the USD homepage at www.usd.edu.

Information thought to warrant the issuance of a timely warning should be reported to the University Police Department in the Davidson Building or by calling 605-658-6199 or 9-911 from any campus phone.

South Dakota Board of Regents Policy 7:3 and USD Policy 7.001 require the vice president and dean of students, or his/her designee, to immediately notify the campus community upon the confirmation of a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or staff occurring on the campus, unless issuing a notification will compromise efforts to mitigate the emergency. Emergency messages will include information on what has occurred and instructions on what to do next. The USD Campus Alert system is tested on an annual basis and documentation of the test, description of the exercise, the date, time and whether announced or unannounced is kept in the Office of the Vice President and Dean of Students.

In the event of a major emergency, this site (www.usd.edu/emergency) will become the university’s homepage and will be updated with information about the nature of the emergency and further emergency procedures.
III. Missing Student Policy

1. Reporting a Student as Missing
   A. Any person may report a university student as missing by filing a report with the vice president and dean of students or at the University Police Department. It is not necessary to wait until the student has been missing for 24 hours before making a report.
   B. For purposes of this policy, a student is missing when the student’s whereabouts are unknown and unexplained for a period of time that would be regarded as highly unusual or suspicious by persons familiar with the student’s plans, habits or routines.

2. Institutional Response
   A. Upon receipt of a missing student report, the campus police personnel will promptly attempt to locate the student on campus or at other sites controlled by the university.
      1) Initial efforts to contact students will involve telephone or other electronic communications.
      2) If unable to contact the students by electronic means, university personnel will attempt to contact the students at their lodgings on the campus or in the municipal limits of the city where the university is located.
      3) If students who reside in university controlled residences do not respond to electronic contacts or to knocking on their doors, student affairs personnel may enter the students’ rooms in order to assess the condition of the room and to look for visible personal property (wallet, keys, cell phone or clothing) that might provide clues as to whether the student has taken an extended trip or other planned absence from the residence hall. If the initial investigation is being undertaken by the University Police Department, they will either request that student affairs personnel enter student rooms or they will obtain search warrants.
      4) University personnel may pursue such additional or other investigative activities as are reasonable under the circumstances.
   B. If the university determines that the student has been missing for a period of 24 hours, or if it cannot locate the student and it determines that the student appears to be missing as per § 1(B), the university will immediately notify local law enforcement agencies that the student is missing.
   C. When the university notifies local law enforcement agencies, it will also notify such persons as the student may have designated pursuant to § 4(A), below, that the student is missing.
      1) In the case of non-emancipated students under the age of 18, the university will notify the students’ custodial parents or legal guardians.
   D. The university will determine whether circumstances suggest that others living, working or participating in activities at the university may be in danger, and if it determines that such a danger may exist, it will warn the campus.

3. Publication of this Policy
   A. Each university will publish this policy electronically through websites designed to convey emergency or law enforcement information; will incorporate its provisions into student handbooks, resident life or similar publications; and will otherwise assure that students know, or should know, of its provisions.

4. Students’ Option to Identify Persons to be Informed
   A. At the time that a student is accepted as a resident in university controlled housing, the student will be given an opportunity to designate an individual to be notified pursuant to this policy in the event that the student becomes missing.
      1) Students will be provided confidential means to designate such individuals and to update their designations.
      2) Such contact information will be held as a confidential student record.
   B. Non-emancipated students under the age of 18 will be informed that, in the event that they become missing, the university will notify a custodial parent or legal guardian pursuant to this policy.
University of South Dakota South Dakota Board of Regents Policy 1:17, Harassment including Sexual Harassment and Violence do occur, the University of South Dakota takes the

In the event that sexual misconduct, gender-based violence, or domestic violence occurring among its students, The University of South Dakota utilizes a range of campaigns, strategies and initiatives to provide awareness, educational, risk reduction and prevention programming.

It is the policy of the University of South Dakota to offer programming to prevent domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault (including stranger and known offender assaults), and stalking each year. Educational programs are offered to raise awareness for all incoming students and employees, and are conducted during new student and new employee orientation and throughout an incoming student’s first semester. These programs and others offered throughout the year include strong messages regarding not just awareness, but also primary prevention (including normative messaging, environmental management and bystander intervention), and discuss institutional policies on sexual misconduct as well as the South Dakota definitions of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, stalking, and consent in reference to sexual activity. Bystander engagement is encouraged through safe and positive intervention techniques and by empowering third-party intervention and prevention such as calling for help, using intervention-based apps, identifying allies, and/or creating distractions.

Programs also offer information on risk reduction that strives to empower victims, how to recognize warning signals, how to avoid potential attacks and do so without victim-blaming approaches. Throughout the year, ongoing awareness and prevention campaigns are directed to students and employees, including faculty, often taking the form of campaigns, emails, guest speakers, and events such as a mandatory online training.

In the event that sexual misconduct, gender-based violence, or the crimes of sexual assault, stalking, dating violence or domestic violence do occur, the University of South Dakota takes the matter very seriously. The University employs interim protection measures such as interim suspension and/or no contact orders in any case where a student’s behavior represents a risk of violence, threat, pattern, or predation. If a student is accused of sexual misconduct, other gender-based violence or the crimes of rape, sexual assault, sexual harassment, stalking, dating violence, or domestic violence, s/he is subject to action in accordance with the Sexual Assault Policy in the student handbook. A student wishing to officially report such an incident may do so by contacting:

**University Police Department**
605-658-6199 (Emergency 9-911 on campus)

**Vermillion Police Department**
605-677-7070 (Emergency 911 off campus)

The following departments may be contacted for assistance with reporting:

**Student Counseling Center** 605-677-5777

**Student Health** 605-677-3700

**Vice President/Dean of Students Office** 605-677-5331

**Title IX Coordinator** 605-677-5651

Employees with knowledge about sexual misconduct or gender-based violence or the crimes of rape, sexual assault, sexual harassment, stalking, dating violence or domestic violence must report it immediately. Under South Dakota Codified Law §22-11-12, “Any person who, having knowledge, which is not privileged, of the commission of a felony, conceals the felony, or does not immediately disclose the felony, including the name of the perpetrator, if known, and all the other relevant known facts, to the proper authorities, is guilty of misprision of a felony.” Faculty and staff members (with the exception of Counselors at the Student Counseling Center) are mandatory reporters and must disclose their knowledge of any felonious activity, including but not limited to sexual misconduct.

If you are the victim of sexual misconduct, gender-based violence or the crimes of rape, acquaintance rape, sexual assault, sexual harassment, stalking, dating violence or domestic violence, some or all of these safety suggestions may guide you after an incident has occurred:

1. Go to a safe place and contact the University Police Department at 605-658-6199 if you are on campus, or call 911 if you are off campus.
2. Consider securing immediate professional support (e.g.: counseling, victim advocacy, medical services, etc.) to assist you in the crisis.
3. If you are on campus during regular business hours, you may go to Student Counseling Center 605-677-5777 as well as to
the Office of the Vice President and Dean of Students, 605-677-5331 for support and guidance.

4. For your safety and well-being, immediate medical attention is encouraged. Further, being examined as soon as possible, ideally within 120 hours, is important in the case of rape or sexual assault. The hospital will arrange for a specific medical examination at no charge. To preserve evidence, it is recommended that you do not bathe, shower, douche, eat, drink, smoke, brush your teeth, urinate, defecate or change clothes before receiving medical attention. Even if you have already taken any of these actions, you are still encouraged to have prompt medical care, and evidence may still be recoverable. Typically, if police are involved or will be involved, they will obtain evidence from the scene, and it is best to leave things undisturbed until their arrival. They will gather bedding, linens or un laundered clothing and any other pertinent articles that may be used for evidence. It is best to allow police to secure items in evidence containers, but if you are involved in transmission of items of evidence, such as to the hospital, secure them in a clean paper bag or clean sheet, to avoid contamination. If you have physical injuries, photograph or have them photographed, with a date stamp on the photo. Record the names of any witnesses, and their contact information. This information may be helpful to the proof of a crime, to obtain an order of protection or to offer proof of a campus policy violation. Try to memorize details (physical description, names, license plate number, car description), or even better, write notes to remind you of details, if you have time and the ability to do so. If you obtain external orders of protection (e.g. restraining orders, injunctions, protection from abuse), please notify the University Police Department 605-658-6199 or the campus Title IX coordinator so that those orders can be observed on campus.

5. Even after the immediate crisis has passed, consider seeking support from the Student Counseling Center 677-5777 and/or the Domestic Violence Safe Options Services (off-campus) 605-624-5311.

6. Contact a law enforcement agency if you need assistance with University of South Dakota concerns, such as no-contact orders or other protective measures. The law enforcement agency will also assist in any needed advocacy for students who wish to obtain protective or restraining orders from local authorities. The University is able to offer reasonable academic accommodations, changes to living arrangements, transportation accommodations, escorts, no contact orders, counseling services access and other supports and resources as needed by a victim.

Legal Definitions

Rape is the penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus, with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim. It may also include situations where the victim is incapable of giving consent due to incapacitation by means of disability or alcohol or other drugs. Many rapes are committed by someone the victim knows, such as a date or friend.

In South Dakota, sexual consent is defined as: Consent will not be found where an act has been done through the use of force, coercion, or threats of immediate and great bodily harm. Submission does not equal consent, and to establish consent, a party charged must utterly negate any element of force, coercion, or threat. Consent, once given, may be withdrawn.

Under South Dakota law, rape is defined as: Rape is an act of sexual penetration accomplished with any person under any of the following circumstances:

1. If the victim is less than 13 years of age; or
2. Through the use of force, coercion or threats of immediate and great bodily harm against the victim or other persons within the victim’s presence, accompanied by apparent power of execution; or
3. If the victim is incapable, because of physical or mental incapacity, of giving consent to such act; or
4. If the victim is incapable of giving consent because of any intoxicating, narcotic, or anesthetic agent or hypnosis; or
5. If the victim is 13 years of age, but less than 16 years of age, and the perpetrator is at least three years older than the victim.

Other Sexual Offenses

Besides rape, other sexual offenses include the following: sodomy (forced anal intercourse); oral copulation (forced oral-genital contact); rape by a foreign object (forced penetration by a foreign object, including a finger); and sexual battery (the unwanted touching of an intimate part of another person for the purpose of sexual arousal).

Sexual Harassment

Sexual harassment is a form of misconduct that undermines the integrity of the academic environment. It is the policy of the University of South Dakota that sexual harassment is prohibited. All members of the University of South Dakota community, especially officers, faculty and other individuals who exercise supervisory authority, have an obligation to promote an environment that is free of sexual harassment.

South Dakota Board of Regents Policy 1:17, Harassment including Sexual Harassment

Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex in education programs or activities operated by recipients of federal financial assistance. Sexual harassment of students, which includes acts of sexual violence, is a form of sex discrimination prohibited by Title IX.

Sexual harassment is unwelcome conduct of a sexual nature. It includes unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal, nonverbal, or physical conduct of a sexual nature. Sexual violence is a form of sexual harassment prohibited by Title IX. Any complaints or inquiries regarding sexual harassment of a student by an officer, faculty member or staff member should be brought to the immediate attention of officials.
For complaints by faculty and staff and students involving faculty and staff:
Khara Iverson, Director of Equal Opportunity
and Title IX Coordinator
Slagle Hall, Room 205
605-677-5651

For complaints by students:
Dr. Kimberly Grieve, VP for Student Services/Dean of Students
Muenster University Center, Room 218
605-677-5331

The University of South Dakota will investigate such claims promptly and thoroughly. If, for any reason, a student wishes to complain or inquire further about sexual harassment, but feels it would not be appropriate to raise such issues with the director of equal opportunity and Title IX coordinator or dean of students, the student may seek assistance from any campus security authority. If harassment is established through an investigation, the University of South Dakota will take disciplinary action. Disciplinary action for violations of this policy can range from verbal or written warnings, up to and including immediate termination from employment or dismissal from the University of South Dakota for serious or repeated violations.

Campus Procedures for Addressing Sexual Misconduct, Dating Violence, Domestic Violence, Stalking, Sexual Harassment and other acts of sex and gender discrimination.


Procedurally, when the University of South Dakota receives a report of sexual misconduct, gender-based violence, or other sex or gender discrimination the campus Title IX coordinator is notified. If the victim wishes to access local community agencies and/or law enforcement for support, the University of South Dakota will assist the victim in making these contacts. The Title IX coordinator in concert with the appropriate senior institutional official will offer assistance to victims in the form of interim or long-terms measures such as opportunities for academic accommodations, changes in housing for the victim or the responding student, visa and immigration assistance, changes in working situations and other assistance as may be appropriate and available on campus or in the community (such as no contact orders issued through law enforcement agencies, campus escorts, transportation assistance, targeted interventions, etc.). If the victim so desires, he or she will be connected with a counselor on- or off-campus, as well as an on-or off-campus victim’s advocate, health services and legal assistance. No victim is required to take advantage of these services and resources, but the University of South Dakota provides them in the hopes of offering help and support without condition or qualification. A summary of rights, options, supports and procedures, in the form of this document, is provided to all victims whether they are a student, employee, guest or visitor. A comparable document is also provided to responding parties so they are likewise advised of the process.

When appropriate upon receipt of notice, the Title IX coordinator will initiate a prompt, fair and impartial process commencing with an investigation which may lead to the imposition of sanctions, based upon a preponderance of evidence (what is more likely than not), upon a responding student or other accused individual. Procedures detailing the reporting, timeline and processes for the ensuing investigation, decision making and resolution processes of the University of South Dakota can be found in SDBOR Policy 1:18 online at http://www.sdbor.edu/policy/documents/1-18.pdf. Per SDBOR Policy 1:18, investigations are typically completed within 20 working days. The coordinator is ultimately responsible to assure in all cases that the behavior is brought to an end, the University of South Dakota acts to reasonably prevent its recurrence, and the effects on the victim and the community are remedied. The coordinator is also responsible to assure that training is conducted annually for all advocates, investigators, hearing officers, panelists and appeals officers that encompasses a hearing process that protects the safety of victims and promotes accountability. Training will focus on sexual misconduct, domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, stalking, sexual harassment, retaliation and other behaviors that can be forms of sex or gender discrimination covered by Title IX and the Clery Act. Training will help those decision-makers in the process to protect the safety of victims and to promote accountability for those who commit offenses.

The investigation and records of the resolution conducted by the University of South Dakota are maintained confidentially. Information is shared internally between administrators who need to know, but a tight circle is kept. Where information must be shared to permit the investigation to move forward, the person bringing the accusation will be informed. Privacy of the records specific to the investigation are maintained in accordance with South Dakota law and the federal FERPA statute. Any public release of information to comply with the open crime logs or timely warning provisions of the Clery Act will not release the names of victims or information that could easily lead to a victim’s identification. Additionally, the University of South Dakota maintains privacy in relation to any accommodations or protective measures afforded to a victim, except to the extent necessary to provide the accommodations and/or protective measures.

In any complaint of sexual misconduct, sexual assault, stalking, dating violence, domestic violence or other sex or gender-based discrimination covered under the federal law, Title IX, the person bringing the accusation and the responding party are entitled to the same opportunities for a support person or advisor of their choice throughout the process, including any meeting, conference, hearing or other procedural action. Once complete, the parties will be informed simultaneously, in writing, of the outcome, including the finding, the sanctions (if any) and the
Registered Sex Offenders

In accordance to the Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act of 2000, which amends the Jacob Wetterling Crimes Against Children and Sexually Violent Offender Registration Act, the Jeanne Clery Act and the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974, the University of South Dakota provides a link to the South Dakota State Sex Offender Registry on the University Police Department webpage: http://www.usd.edu/administration/university-police/crime-statistics. All sex offenders are required to register in the state of South Dakota and to provide notice of each institution of higher education in South Dakota at which the person is employed, carries a vocation or is a student. https://sor.sd.gov

Registered sex offenders can be identified by contacting the local law enforcement officials in our host municipality. If you would like information regarding registered sex offenders who are actively enrolled or employed at the University of South Dakota, contact the Clay County Sheriff’s Office at 605-677-7100. They will advise you regarding the information you may obtain and their guidelines for obtaining the information or the information can be accessed at www.claysheriff.org.

Not all sex offenders who may be attending or employed at the University of South Dakota reside in Vermillion or Clay County. Be sure to indicate to the local law enforcement agency you contact that you are either a current or prospective student or employee at the University of South Dakota and that you want to review the listing for this institution. The law enforcement personnel will respond by directing you to the correct information.

V. Alcohol and Drug Policy

In compliance with the Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act Amendments of 1989, the South Dakota Board of Regents strictly prohibits the unlawful possession, use or distribution of alcohol, marijuana or controlled substances by its students or employees while on property controlled by the board or while participating in any capacity in activities or employments sponsored by it. Therefore, the USD campus has been designated “alcohol and drug free” and only under certain circumstances is the consumption of alcohol permitted.

The manufacture, sale, possession or distribution of any controlled substance is illegal under both state and federal laws. Such laws are strictly enforced by the University Police Department. Violators are subject to disciplinary action within the university (https://www.sdbor.edu/policy/documents/3-4.pdf) and/or criminal prosecution, fine and imprisonment. It is unlawful to sell, furnish or provide alcohol to a person under the age of 21. The possession of alcohol by anyone under 21 years of age in a public place or a place open to the public is illegal. It is also a violation of USD policy for anyone to consume or possess alcohol in any public or private area of campus without prior university approval. Organizations or groups found in violation of alcohol and other substance policies or state or federal laws may be subject to sanctions by the university. Drug and alcohol abuse programming is offered through Student Services, University Housing and the Student Counseling Center.
# Federal Trafficking Penalties

## Federal Trafficking Penalties for Schedules I, II, III, IV, and V (except Marijuana)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Schedule</th>
<th>Substance/Quantity</th>
<th>Penalty</th>
<th>Substance/Quantity</th>
<th>Penalty</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>II</td>
<td>Cocaine 500-4999 grams mixture</td>
<td><strong>First Offense:</strong> Not less than 5 yrs. and not more than 40 yrs. If death or serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs. or more than life. Fine of not more than $5 million if an individual, $25 million if not an individual.</td>
<td>Cocaine 5 kilograms or more mixture</td>
<td><strong>First Offense:</strong> Not less than 10 yrs. and not more than life. If death or serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs. or more than life. Fine of not more than $10 million if an individual, $50 million if not an individual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>II</td>
<td>Cocaine Base 28-279 grams mixture</td>
<td><strong>Second Offense:</strong> Not less than 10 yrs. and not more than life. If death or serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs. or more than life. Fine of not more than $10 million if an individual, $50 million if not an individual.</td>
<td>Cocaine Base 280 grams or more mixture</td>
<td><strong>Second Offense:</strong> Not less than 10 yrs. and not more than life. If death or serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs. or more than life. Fine of not more than $50 million if an individual, $250 million if not an individual.</td>
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<tr>
<td>IV</td>
<td>Fentanyl 40-399 grams mixture</td>
<td><strong>Second Offense:</strong> Not less than 10 yrs. and not more than life. If death or serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs. or more than life. Fine of not more than $5 million if an individual, $25 million if not an individual.</td>
<td>Fentanyl 400 grams or more mixture</td>
<td><strong>Second Offense:</strong> Not less than 10 yrs. and not more than life. If death or serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs. or more than life. Fine of not more than $25 million if an individual, $125 million if not an individual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>Fentanyl Analogue 10-99 grams mixture</td>
<td><strong>Second Offense:</strong> Not less than 10 yrs. and not more than life. If death or serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs. or more than life. Fine of not more than $5 million if an individual, $25 million if not an individual.</td>
<td>Fentanyl Analogue 100 grams or more mixture</td>
<td><strong>Second Offense:</strong> Not less than 10 yrs. and not more than life. If death or serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs. or more than life. Fine of not more than $25 million if an individual, $125 million if not an individual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>Heroin 100-999 grams mixture</td>
<td><strong>Second Offense:</strong> Not less than 10 yrs. and not more than life. If death or serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs. or more than life. Fine of not more than $5 million if an individual, $25 million if not an individual.</td>
<td>Heroin 1 kilogram or more mixture</td>
<td><strong>Second Offense:</strong> Not less than 10 yrs. and not more than life. If death or serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs. or more than life. Fine of not more than $25 million if an individual, $125 million if not an individual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>LSD 1-9 grams mixture</td>
<td><strong>Second Offense:</strong> Not less than 10 yrs. and not more than life. If death or serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs. or more than life. Fine of not more than $5 million if an individual, $25 million if not an individual.</td>
<td>LSD 10 grams or more mixture</td>
<td><strong>Second Offense:</strong> Not less than 10 yrs. and not more than life. If death or serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs. or more than life. Fine of not more than $25 million if an individual, $125 million if not an individual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>II</td>
<td>Methamphetamine 5-49 grams pure or 50-499 grams mixture</td>
<td><strong>Second Offense:</strong> Not less than 10 yrs. and not more than life. If death or serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs. or more than life. Fine of not more than $5 million if an individual, $25 million if not an individual.</td>
<td>Methamphetamine 50 grams or more pure or 500 grams or more mixture</td>
<td><strong>Second Offense:</strong> Not less than 10 yrs. and not more than life. If death or serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs. or more than life. Fine of not more than $25 million if an individual, $125 million if not an individual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>II</td>
<td>PCP 10-99 grams pure or 100-999 grams mixture</td>
<td><strong>Second Offense:</strong> Not less than 10 yrs. and not more than life. If death or serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs. or more than life. Fine of not more than $5 million if an individual, $25 million if not an individual.</td>
<td>PCP 100 grams or more pure or 1 kilogram or more mixture</td>
<td><strong>Second Offense:</strong> Not less than 10 yrs. and not more than life. If death or serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs. or more than life. Fine of not more than $25 million if an individual, $125 million if not an individual.</td>
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## Additional Penalties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance/Quantity</th>
<th>Penalty</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Any Amount Of Other Schedule I &amp; II Substances</td>
<td><strong>First Offense</strong> Not more than 20 yrs. If death or serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs. or more than Life. Fine $1 million if an individual, $5 million if not an individual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Any Drug Product Containing Gamma Hydroxybutyric Acid</td>
<td><strong>Second Offense:</strong> Not more than 30 yrs. If death or serious bodily injury, life imprisonment. Fine $2 million if an individual, $10 million if not an individual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flunitrazepam (Schedule IV) 1 Gram</td>
<td><strong>First Offense</strong> Not more than 10 yrs. If death or serious bodily injury, not more that 15 yrs. Fine not more than $500,000 if an individual, $2.5 million if not an individual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Any Amount Of Other Schedule III Drugs</td>
<td><strong>Second Offense</strong> Not more than 20 yrs. If death or serious injury, not more than 30 yrs. Fine not more than $1 million if an individual, $5 million if not an individual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Any Amount Of All Other Schedule IV Drugs (other than one gram or more of Flunitrazepam)</td>
<td><strong>First Offense</strong> Not more than 5 yrs. Fine not more than $250,000 if an individual, $1 million if not an individual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Any Amount Of All Schedule V Drugs</td>
<td><strong>Second Offense</strong> Not more than 10 yrs. Fine not more than $500,000 if an individual, $2 million if other than an individual.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# Federal Trafficking Penalties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substances</th>
<th>First Offense</th>
<th>Second Offense</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Marijuana</td>
<td>First Offense: Not less than 10 yrs. or more than life. If death or serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs., or more than life. Fine not more than $10 million if an individual, $50 million if other than an individual.</td>
<td>Second Offense: Not less than 20 yrs. or more than life. If death or serious bodily injury, life imprisonment. Fine not more than $20 million if an individual, $75 million if other than an individual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,000 kilograms or more marijuana mixture or 1,000 or more marijuana plants</td>
<td>First Offense: Not less than 5 yrs. or more than 40 yrs. If death or serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs. or more than life. Fine not more than $5 million if an individual, $25 million if other than an individual.</td>
<td>Second Offense: Not less than 10 yrs. or more than life. If death or serious bodily injury, life imprisonment. Fine not more than $8 million if an individual, $50 million if other than an individual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hashish</td>
<td>First Offense: Not more than 20 yrs. If death or serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs. or more than life. Fine $1 million if an individual, $5 million if other than an individual.</td>
<td>Second Offense: Not more than 30 yrs. If death or serious bodily injury, life imprisonment. Fine $2 million if an individual, $10 million if other than an individual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>More than 10 kilograms</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hashish Oil</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>More than 1 kilogram</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marijuana Oil</td>
<td>First Offense: Not more than 5 yrs. Fine not more than $250,000, $1 million if other than an individual.</td>
<td>Second Offense: Not more than 10 yrs. Fine $500,000 if an individual, $2 million if other than individual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>less than 50 kilograms marijuana mixture or 50 to 99 marijuana plants</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 to 49 marijuana plants</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hashish</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 kilograms or less</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hashish Oil</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 kilogram or less</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For more information regarding federal laws, please visit: http://usdoj.gov/dea/index.htm.
### State Criminal and Civil Penalties for Offense of a Controlled Substance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DRUG</th>
<th>OFFENSE</th>
<th>1ST CONVICTION</th>
<th>2ND CONVICTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Schedule II</td>
<td>The drugs in this schedule have an abuse potential with severe psychic or physical dependence liability. Schedule II controlled substances consist of certain narcotic, stimulant and depressant drugs. Some examples of Schedule II narcotic controlled substances are opium, morphine, codeine, hydromorphone (Dialidil), methadone (Dolophine), pantothen, meperidine (Demerol), cocaine, oxycodeone (Percodan), anileridine (Lentine) and oxymorphone (Numorphan). Some examples of Schedule II non-narcotic are amphetamine (Benzedrine, Dexedrine), and Methamphetamine (Desoxyn), phenmetrazine (preludin), methylphenidate (Ritalin), amobarbital, pentobarbital, secobarbital, etorphine, hydrochloride, diphenoxylate and phenylcycline.</td>
<td>Exempt as authorized, no person may manufacture, distribute or dispense; possess with intent to manufacture, distribute or dispense; create or distribute a counterfeit; or possess with intent to distribute a counterfeit substance listed in Schedule III. Violation of this section is a Class 5 felony. SDCL 22-42-3</td>
<td>Punished by a mandatory sentence in the state penitentiary or county jail of at least 30 days, which sentence may not be suspended. SDCL 22-42-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Schedule III</td>
<td>These drugs have an abuse potential less than those in Schedules I and II, and include compounds containing limited quantities of certain narcotic drugs and non-narcotic drugs such as derivatives of barbituric acid except those that are listed in another schedule, glutethimide (Doriden), mephenylpylon (Noludar), chloraloxadol, sulfonidihemethane, sulfonmethane, nalorphine, benzphetamine, sulfonidihemethane, sulfonmethane, nalorphine, clor-termine, mazindol, pentazocine, flunitrazepam, and Gama Hydroxy butyrate.</td>
<td>No controlled drug or substance included in Schedule II, III or IV may be dispensed or administered other than for a medical purpose. SDCL 22-42-2</td>
<td>Any person who knowingly obtains a controlled substance from a medical practitioner and knowingly withholds information that he has obtained a controlled substance of a similar therapeutic use in a concurrent time period from another medical practitioner is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. SDCL 22-42-17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Schedule IV</td>
<td>The drugs in this schedule have an abuse potential less than those listed in Schedule III and include such drugs as methylphenobarbital, chloral betaine (Beta Chlor), chloral hydrate, triazolam, any substance which contains any quantity of a benzodiazepine, or salt of benzodiazepine, except those substances which are specifically listed in other schedules, buprenorphine, catheine, fencamfamine, fenproporex, mephenex, pyrovalerone, propoxyphene, pentazocine, mazindol, mephorbarbital, promalone, petrichloral, zolpidem, butorphanol, and dextroporphorphorphormine (Darvium).</td>
<td>No person may knowingly possess a controlled drug or substance unless the substance was obtained directly or pursuant to a valid prescription from a practitioner while acting in the course of his practice. A violation of this section is a Class 4 felony. SDCL 22-42-2</td>
<td>Any person who knowingly obtains possession of a controlled drug or substance by theft, misrepresentation, forgery, fraud, deception or subterfuge is guilty of a Class 4 felony. SDCL 22-42-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Schedule V</td>
<td>The drugs in this schedule have an abuse potential less than those listed in Schedule IV and consist of preparations containing limited quantities of certain narcotic drugs generally for antitussive and anti-diarrheal purposes.</td>
<td>No person may knowingly or distribute any controlled substance or otherwise possess any quantity of a narcotic or any noncontrolled substance which he represents to be a substance controlled under the provisions of the South Dakota law. A violation of this section is a Class 6 felony. SDCL 22-42-16.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Any person who habitually possesses in the state penitentiary or county jail of at least 15 years, which sentence may not be suspended. SDCL 22-42-2

Punished by 5 years of imprisonment in the state penitentiary or a fine of $10,000 or both. SDCL 22-6-1 (8)

Punished by 10 years imprisonment in the state penitentiary. In addition, a fine of $20,000 may be imposed. SDCL 22-6-1 (7)
**State and Civil Alcohol Penalties**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OFFENSE</th>
<th>PENALTY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>For any person under the age of 21 years to purchase, attempt to purchase or possess or consume alcohol beverages except when consumed in a religious ceremony and given to said person by an authorized person, or to misrepresent his age with use of any document for the purpose of purchasing or attempting to purchase alcoholic beverages from any licensee licensed under this title. SDCL 35-9-2.</td>
<td>Class 2 misdemeanor; Thirty days imprisonment in a county jail or $500 fine, or both. SDCL 22-6-2 (2).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>First conviction or a first adjudication or delinquency for an alcoholic beverage violation while in a motor vehicle. SDCL 32-12-52.4</td>
<td>The Department of Commerce and Regulation shall suspend the driver’s license or driving privilege of any person who was under the age of 21 when the offense occurred, for a period of 30 days. SDCL 32-12-52.4.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Second or subsequent conviction or a first adjudication of delinquency for an alcoholic beverage violation while in a motor vehicle. SDCL 32-12-52.4.</td>
<td>The Department of Commerce and Regulation shall suspend the driver’s license or driving privilege of any person who was under the age of 21 when the offense occurred, for a period of 180 days SDCL 32-12-52.4.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**State and Civil Marijuana Penalties**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DRUG</th>
<th>QUANTITY</th>
<th>PENALTY</th>
<th>DRUG</th>
<th>QUANTITY</th>
<th>PENALTY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Marijuana Possession</td>
<td>2 ounces or less</td>
<td>1 yr. county jail and/or fine up to $2,000</td>
<td>Marijuana Distribution **</td>
<td>Less than 1/2 ounce</td>
<td>1 yr. county jail and/or fine up to $2,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Class 1 misdemeanor</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Class 1 misdemeanor</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marijuana Possession</td>
<td>2 ounces but less than</td>
<td>2 yrs. state jail and/or fine up to $4,000</td>
<td>Marijuana Distribution **</td>
<td>Less than 1 ounce</td>
<td>2 yrs. state jail and/or fine up to $4,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1/2 lb. Class 6 felony</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Class 6 felony</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marijuana Possession</td>
<td>1/2 lb. but less than 1 lb.</td>
<td>5 yrs. state jail and</td>
<td>Marijuana Distribution **</td>
<td>1 ounce but less than</td>
<td>5 yrs. state jail and $10,000 fine may be</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Class 5 felony</td>
<td>$10,000 fine may be imposed</td>
<td></td>
<td>1/2 lb. Class 5 felony</td>
<td>imposed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marijuana Possession</td>
<td>1 lb. but less than 10 lbs.</td>
<td>10 yrs. state jail and</td>
<td>Marijuana Distribution **</td>
<td>1/2 lb. but less than</td>
<td>10 yrs. state jail and $20,000 fine may be</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Class 4 felony</td>
<td>$20,000 fine may be imposed</td>
<td></td>
<td>1 lb. Class 4 felony</td>
<td>imposed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marijuana Possession</td>
<td>10 lbs. or more</td>
<td>15 yrs. state jail and $30,000 fine may be</td>
<td>Marijuana Distribution **</td>
<td>1 lb. or more Class 3 felony</td>
<td>15 yrs. state jail and $30,000 may be imposed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Class 3 felony</td>
<td>imposed</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marijuana Distribution **</td>
<td>Any amount to a minor. Class 6 felony</td>
<td>10 yrs. state jail and $10,000 fine may be imposed</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Convicted may be sentenced to the county jail of the county where person was convicted for a term of not more than one year in lieu of imprisonment.
** Conviction shall be punished by a mandatory sentence in the state or county jail at least 30 days, which may not be suspended.
Note: A civil penalty, up to $10,000, may be imposed in addition to any criminal penalty upon a conviction of these sections of South Dakota law.
Note: Distribution of marijuana to a minor is an aggravating circumstance and enhances penalties.
The Vermillion Volunteer Fire Department provides services to Vermillion, the University of South Dakota, and area residents for the protection of life and property from fire and natural disasters. They maintain a standard of training which encompasses both a prompt response to emergencies and the safety of citizens. Volunteer firefighters promote community safety through public education and fire safety programs.

Fire Safety System

The University of South Dakota residence halls are protected by fire alarm and smoke detection systems which are monitored 24 hours a day, seven days a week by the University Police Department.

VI. Fire Safety Report

USD Employee Drug and Alcohol Policy

In compliance with the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988, the South Dakota Board of Regents strictly proscribes the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession or use of controlled substances by board employees and agents while on duty or while in any workplace controlled by the board. For purposes of this proscription, the workplace shall include premises and vehicles owned and controlled by the board and other premises and vehicles when used by the board for education, research, service or other official functions.

Employees needing assistance related to drug and alcohol abuse should contact the Latitude Employee Assistance Program (LEAP) at 800-713-6288.

Any person violating this proscription shall be subject to appropriate disciplinary action, which may include termination of employment. The full text of the South Dakota Board of Regents policy related to the Drug-Free Workplace Act can be found at http://www.sdbor.edu/policy/documents/4-27.pdf.

USD Parental Notification of Drug and Alcohol Violations

The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) permits colleges and universities to inform parents of drug and alcohol policy violations committed by their students. University of South Dakota (USD) personnel understand that parents are partners in responding to issues of substance abuse. Thus, it is USD policy to notify parents or guardians of their student’s alcohol and/or drug policy violation if the student is less than 21 years of age and not emancipated, and the violation occurred as follows:

1. Parental notification may occur when it is determined that the student has committed a second violation of the South Dakota Board of Regents (BOR) Alcohol/Drug Policy, that the violation resulted in at minimum an imposition of disciplinary probation and that the violation was (a) committed while on property owned or controlled by USD or any other BOR institution; or (b) committed during travel sponsored by a department, college, or recognized student organization of USD or any other BOR institution; or (c) committed while attending an event sponsored by a USD department, college, or recognized student organization or that of any other BOR institution;

2. Violation of the Board of Regents Alcohol/Drug Policy by the student while enrolled at another institution under the control of the BOR shall be considered a violation under this policy.

3. The vice president and dean of students will determine, in each instance, whether parental notification will be made. In the event the dean determines that parental notification is appropriate, notification of a parent or guardian shall be made in writing and mailed to the home address on record. Students whose parents will be notified consequent to a conduct process may view a template of the notification letter in the Office of Student Rights & Responsibilities.

4. Records of parental notification under this policy will be maintained in the Office of the Vice President and Dean of Students or as s/he may otherwise designate.

5. In addition to the foregoing, USD policy provides for parental notification of drug or alcohol violation or misuse without prior notice to the student in circumstances where action has been or will be taken to protect the safety of the student or other individuals.

Fire Safety Training

Fire safety is a shared campus concern. Students are made aware of the location of fire safety equipment. Fire evacuation plans and instruction are posted in the residence halls (posted in each residential unit) and copies may be obtained through University Housing.

Residence hall staff is trained to respond to both fire and medical emergencies. Training incorporates hands-on practical
use of fire extinguishers with live fire exercises under the direction of the Vermillion Fire Chief.

Fire drills are also conducted to ensure students understand emergency building evacuation procedures. Students must evacuate the building whenever an alarm sounds. If it is safe to do so, staff may enter rooms to ensure residents have evacuated the building. Students who ignore evacuation instruction may be subject to conduct proceedings.

Tampering with emergency equipment such as fire extinguishers, fire alarms, or emergency exit signs is prohibited by state law and the University Code of Conduct.

**Fire Safety at the University of South Dakota**


**Exemption from Policy:** Any student who wishes to burn a substance for religious purposes must complete and submit a request for exemption from residence hall policy. This form can be obtained at the front desks of the complexes. The student must meet with the hall director and an appropriate religious advisor before burning any substance. Upon completion of the meetings, the advisor will make a recommendation on whether the request should be approved or denied.

**Safety Inspections**

The university may routinely inspect rooms to ensure that the preceding safety standards are being followed. Generally, 24 hours notice will be given prior to inspections. Residence hall rooms will be inspected during all closing times (Thanksgiving, semester break and spring break) and as needed for building monitoring during breaks.

**Smoke Free Environment**

At USD, smoking is not allowed in any building or on campus property.

### Fire Logs

Fire logs are chronological lists of fires occurring in USD residence halls during a calendar year.

The logs list the date, time, incident number, general location, nature of incident, cause, number of deaths, number of injuries requiring treatment, and dollar loss.

### Definitions

**Fire:** Any instance of open flame or other burning in a place not intended to contain the burning or in an uncontrolled manner.

**Cause of Fire:** The factor or factors that give rise to a fire. The causal factors may be but are not limited to the result of intentional or unintentional action, mechanical failure or act of nature.

**Fire Related Injury:** Any instance in which a person is injured as a result of a fire, including any injury sustained from a natural or accidental cause while involved in fire control, attempting rescue, or escaping from dangers of the fire. The term “person” may include students, employees, visitors, firefighters, or any other individuals.

**Fire Related Death:** Any instance in which a person is killed as a result of a fire, including death resulting from a natural or accidental cause while involved in fire control, attempting rescue or escaping from dangers of fire, when death occurs within one year of injuries sustained as a result of the fire.
# University of South Dakota Residence Facilities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Residential Hall</th>
<th>Full Sprinkler System</th>
<th>Partial Sprinkler System</th>
<th>Fire Alarm System</th>
<th>Smoke Detection</th>
<th>Fire Extinguisher Devices</th>
<th>Evacuation Plans/Placards</th>
<th>Number of Fire Drills per year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Beede</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mickelson</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Richardson</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Olson</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burgess</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Norton</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coyote Village</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brookman</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>McFadden</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Fire Log 2014–2016**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Residential Hall</th>
<th>Date Occurred</th>
<th>Time Occurred</th>
<th>Incident Number</th>
<th>Nature of Incident</th>
<th>Cause</th>
<th>Number of Deaths</th>
<th>Number of Injuries that Required Treatment</th>
<th>Dollar Loss</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Beede Hall</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coyote Village</td>
<td>2/20/2014</td>
<td>7:30 a.m.</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Reckless burning of flyer</td>
<td>Intentional action</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>$150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Richardson</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Olson</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burgess</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Norton</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brookman</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>McFadden</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mickelson</td>
<td>10/12/2015</td>
<td>7:20 p.m.</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Intentional burning of paper</td>
<td>Intentional action</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note: there were no reportable incidents in 2016**

Copies of the fire log may be obtained by contacting the University Police Department.

Cause: listed in accord with the National Fire Incident Reporting System

Nature of Incident: listed in accord with the National Fire Incident Reporting System
As the flagship liberal arts institution of South Dakota, the University of South Dakota, founded in 1862, has long been regarded as a leader in the state and region. Learn more about the university at www.usd.edu.

The South Dakota Board of Regents is an Equal Opportunity Employer. The Board of Regents will take Affirmative Action to ensure that all employment practices are free of discrimination. In addition, the Board of Regents fully supports incorporation of non-discrimination and Affirmative Action rules and regulations into all of its employment practices. Arrangements for accommodations required by disabilities can be made by contacting the appropriate Human Resources office. Please contact USD Human Resources at 605-677-5671.

This document is available in alternative formats upon request. For assistance, call Disability Services at USD at 605-677-6389 or email disabilityservices@usd.edu.